LEVIN AMENDMENT NO. 2781

Mr. LEVIN proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2057, supra; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1031. REPORTS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE EUROPEAN SECURITY AND DE-FENSE IDENTITY.

- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees in accordance with this section reports on the development of the European Security and Defense Identity (ESDI) within the NATO Alliance that would enable the Western European Union (WEU), with the consent of the NATO Alliance, to assume the political control and strategic direction of NATO assets and capabilities made available by the Alliance.
- (b) REPORTS TO BE SUBMITTED.—The reports required to be submitted under subsection (a) are as follows:
- (1) An initial report, submitted not later than December 15, 1998, that contains a discussion of the actions taken, and the plans for future actions, to build the European Security and Defense Identity, together with the matters required under subsection (c).
- (2) A semiannual report on the progress made toward establishing the European Security and Defense Identity, submitted not later than March 15 and December 15 of each year after 1998.
- (c) CONTENT OF REPORTS.—The Secretary shall include in each report under this section the following:
- (1) A discussion of the arrangements between NATO and the Western European Union for the release, transfer, monitoring, return, and recall of NATO assets and capabilities
- (2) A discussion of the development of such planning and other capabilities by the Western European Union that are necessary to provide political control and strategic direction of NATO assets and capabilities.
- (3) A discussion of the development of terms of reference for the Deputy Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, with respect to the European Security and Defense Identity.
- (4) A discussion of the arrangements for the assignment or appointment of NATO officers to serve in two positions concurrently (commonly referred to as "dual-hatting").
- (5) A discussion of the development of the Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) concept, including lessons-learning from the NATO-led Stabilization Force in Bosnia.
- (6) Identification within the NATO Alliance of the types of separable but not separate capabilities, assets, and support assets for Western European Union-led operations.
- (7) Identification of separable but not separate headquarters, headquarters elements, and command positions for command and conduct of Western European Union-led operations.
- (8) The conduct by NATO, at the request of and in coordination with the Western European Union, of military planning and exercises for illustrative missions.
- (9) A discussion of the arrangements between NATO and the Western European Union for the sharing of information, including intelligence.
- (10) Such other information as the Secretary considers useful for a complete understanding of the establishment of the European Security and Defense Identity within the NATO Alliance.
- (d) TERMINATION OF SEMIANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—No report is required under subsection (b)(2) after the Secretary submits under that subsection a report in which the Secretary states that the European Security and Defense Identity has been fully established.

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE

DEWINE (AND LEAHY) AMENDMENT NO. 2782

Mr. WARNER (for DEWINE, for himself and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1379) to amend section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and the National Security Act of 1947 to require disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act regarding certain persons, disclose Nazi war criminal records without impairing any investigation or prosecution conducted by the Department of Justice or certain intelligence matters, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act".

SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF NAZI WAR CRIMINAL RECORDS INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section the term—
 (1) "agency" has the meaning given such term under section 551 of title 5, United States Code:
- (2) "Interagency Group" means the Nazi War Criminal Records Interagency Working Group established under subsection (b);
- (3) "Nazi war criminal records" has the meaning given such term under section 3 of this Act; and
- (4) "record" means a Nazi war criminal record.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERAGENCY GROUP.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall establish the Nazi War Criminal Records Interagency Working Group, which shall remain in existence for 3 years after the date the Interagency Group is established.
- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The President shall appoint to the Interagency Group individuals whom the President determines will most completely and effectively carry out the functions of the Interagency Group within the time limitations provided in this section. including the Director of the Holocaust Museum, the Historian of the Department of State, the Archivist of the United States. the head of any other agency the President considers appropriate, and no more than 3 other persons. The head of an agency appointed by the President may designate an appropriate officer to serve on the Interagency Group in lieu of the head of such agency
- (3) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Interagency Group shall hold an initial meeting and begin the functions required under this section.
- (c) Functions.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Interagency Group shall, to the greatest extent possible consistent with section 3 of this Act—
- (1) locate, identify, inventory, recommend for declassification, and make available to the public at the National Archives and Records Administration, all classified Nazi war criminal records of the United States;
- (2) coordinate with agencies and take such actions as necessary to expedite the release of such records to the public; and
- (3) submit a report to Congress, including the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on Government Re-

form and Oversight of the House of Representatives, describing all such records, the disposition of such records, and the activities of the Interagency Group and agencies under this section.

(d) FUNDING.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 3. REQUIREMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS REGARDING PERSONS WHO COMMITTED NAZI WAR CRIMES.

- (a) NAZI WAR CRIMINAL RECORDS.—For purposes of this Act, the term "Nazi war criminal records" means classified records or portions of records that—
- (1) pertain to any person with respect to whom the United States Government, in its sole discretion, has grounds to believe ordered, incited, assisted, or otherwise participated in the persecution of any person because of race, religion, national origin, or political opinion, during the period beginning on March 23, 1933, and ending on May 8, 1945, under the direction of, or in association with—
- (A) the Nazi government of Germany;
- (B) any government in any area occupied by the military forces of the Nazi government of Germany;
- (C) any government established with the assistance or cooperation of the Nazi government of Germany; or
- (D) any government which was an ally of the Nazi government of Germany; or
- (2) pertain to any transaction as to which the United States Government, in its sole discretion has grounds to believe—
- (A) involved assets taken from persecuted persons during the period beginning on March 23, 1933, and ending on May 8, 1945, by, under the direction of, on behalf of, or under authority granted by the Nazi government of Germany or any nation then allied with that government; and
- (B) such transaction was completed without the assent of the owners of those assets or their heirs or assigns or other legitimate representatives.
 - (b) Release of Records.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Nazi War Criminal Records Interagency Working Group shall release in their entirety Nazi war criminal records that are described in subsection (a).
- (2) EXCEPTION FOR PRIVACY, ETC.—An agency head may exempt from release under paragraph (1) specific information, that would—
- (A) constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (B) reveal the identity of a confidential human source, or reveal information about the application of an intelligence source or method, or reveal the identity of a human intelligence source when the unauthorized disclosure of that source would clearly and demonstrably damage the national security interests of the United States;
- (C) reveal information that would assist in the development or use of weapons of mass destruction;
- (D) reveal information that would impair United States cryptologic systems or activities;
- (E) reveal information that would impair the application of state-of-the-art technology within a United States weapon system;
- (F) reveal actual United States military war plans that remain in effect;
- (G) reveal information that would seriously and demonstrably impair relations between the United States and a foreign government, or seriously and demonstrably undermine ongoing diplomatic activities of the United States;

- (H) reveal information that would clearly and demonstrably impair the current ability of United States Government officials to protect the President, Vice President, and other officials for whom protection services, in the interest of national security, are authorized;
- (I) reveal information that would seriously and demonstrably impair current national security emergency preparedness plans; or
- (J) violate a treaty or international agreement.
 - (3) Application of exemptions.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In applying the exemptions listed in subparagraphs (B) through (J) of paragraph (2), there shall be a presumption that the public interest in the release of Nazi war criminal records will be served by disclosure and release of the records. Assertion of such exemption may only be made when the agency head determines that disclosure and release would be harmful to a specific interest identified in the exemption. An agency head who makes such a determination shall promptly report it to the committees of Congress with appropriate jurisdiction, including the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives. The exemptions set forth in paragraph (2) shall constitute the only authority pursuant to which an agency head may exempt records otherwise subject to release under paragraph (1).
- (B) APPLICATION OF TITLE 5.—A determination by an agency head to apply an exemption listed in subparagraphs (B) through (I) of paragraph (2) shall be subject to the same standard of review that applies in the case of records withheld under section 552(b)(1) of title 5. United States Code.
- (4) LIMITATION ON APPLICATION.—This subsection shall not apply to records—
- (A) related to or supporting any active or inactive investigation, inquiry, or prosecution by the Office of Special Investigations of the Department of Justice: or
- (B) solely in the possession, custody, or control of that office.
 (c) INAPPLICABILITY OF NATIONAL SECURITY
- (c) INAPPLICABILITY OF NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947 EXEMPTION.—Section 701(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 431) shall not apply to any operational file, or any portion of any operational file, that constitutes a Nazi war criminal record under section 3 of this Act.

SEC. 4. EXPEDITED PROCESSING OF FOIA RE-QUESTS FOR NAZI WAR CRIMINAL RECORDS.

- (a) EXPEDITED PROCESSING.—For purposes of expedited processing under section 552(a)(6)(E) of title 5, United States Code, any requester of a Nazi war criminal record shall be deemed to have a compelling need for such record.
- (b) REQUESTER.—For purposes of this section, the term "requester" means any person who was persecuted in the manner described under section 3(a)(1) of this Act who requests a Nazi war criminal record.

SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

THE NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHOR-IZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1999

SMITH AMENDMENT NO. 2783

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. SMITH of Oregon submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill, S. 2057, supra; as follows:

On page 268, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

SEC. 1064. ISSUANCE OF BURIAL FLAGS FOR DE-CEASED MEMBERS AND FORMER MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RE-SERVE.

Section 2301(a) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (1):
- (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
 - (3) by adding at the end the following:
 - "(3) deceased individual who—
- "(A) was serving as a member of the Selected Reserve (as described in section 10143 of title 10) at the time of death;
- "(B) had served at least one enlistment, or the period of initial obligated service, as a member of the Selected Reserve and was discharged from service in the Armed Forces under conditions not less favorable than honorable; or
- "(C) was discharged from service in the Armed Forces under conditions not less favorable than honorable by reason of a disability incurred or aggravated in line of duty during the individual's initial enlistment, or period of initial obligated service, as a member of the Selected Reserve."

THOMAS (AND ENZI) AMENDMENTS NOS. 2784–2785

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. THOMAS (for himself and Mr. ENZI) submitted two amendments intended to be proposed by them to the bill, S. 2057, supra; as follows:

AMENDMENT No. 2784

On page 268, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

SEC. 1064. PROHIBITION ON RETURN OF VET-ERANS MEMORIAL OBJECTS WITH-OUT SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION IN

- (a) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding section 2572 of title 10, United States Code, or any other provision of law, the President may not transfer a veterans memorial object to a foreign country or entity controlled by a foreign government, or otherwise transfer or convey such object to a person or entity for purposes of the ultimate transfer or conveyance of such object to a foreign country or entity controlled by a foreign government, unless specifically authorized by law.
- (b) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) ENTITY CONTROLLED BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT.—The term "entity controlled by a foreign government" has the meaning given that term in section 2536(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) VETERANS MEMORIAL OBJECT.—The term "veterans memorial object" means any object, including a physical structure or portion thereof, that—
- (A) is located at a cemetery of the National Cemetery System, war memorial, or military installation in the United States;
- (B) is dedicated to, or otherwise memorializes, the death in combat or combat-related duties of members of the United States Armed Forces; and
- (C) was brought to the United States from abroad as a memorial of combat abroad.

AMENDMENT No. 2785

On page 268, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

SEC. 1064. PROHIBITION ON RETURN OF VET-ERANS MEMORIAL OBJECTS WITH-OUT SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION IN LAW.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding section 2572 of title 10, United States Code, or any other provision of law, the President may not transfer a veterans memorial object to a foreign country or entity controlled by a foreign government, or otherwise transfer or convey such object to a person or entity for

purposes of the ultimate transfer or conveyance of such object to a foreign country or entity controlled by a foreign government, unless specifically authorized by law.

- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ENTITY CONTROLLED BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT.—The term "entity controlled by a foreign government" has the meaning given that term in section 2536(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) VETERANS MEMORIAL OBJECT.—The term "veterans memorial object" means any object, including a physical structure or portion thereof, that—
- (A) is located at a cemetery of the National Cemetery System, war memorial, or military installation in the United States:
- (B) is dedicated to, or otherwise memorializes, the death in combat or combat-related duties of members of the United States Armed Forces:
- (C) caused, or contributed to bringing about, the death in combat or combat-related duties of members of the United States Armed Forces; and
- (D) was brought to the United States from abroad as a memorial of combat abroad.

HUTCHISON AMENDMENTS NOS. 2786–2787

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted two amendments intended to be proposed by her to the bill, S. 2057, supra; as follows:

Amendment No. 2786

On page 222, below line 21, add the following:

SEC. 1031. REPORT ON REDUCTION OF INFRA-STRUCTURE COSTS AT BROOKS AIR FORCE BASE, TEXAS.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than December 31, 1998, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of the Air Force, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on means of reducing significantly the infrastructure costs at Brooks Air Force Base, Texas, while also maintaining or improving the support for Department of Defense missions and personnel provided through Brooks Air Force Base.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report shall include the following:
- (1) A description of any barriers (including barriers under law and through policy) to improved infrastructure management at Brooks Air Force Base.
- (2) A description of means of reducing infrastructure management costs at Brooks Air Force Base through cost-sharing arrangements and more cost-effective utilization of property.
- (3) A description of any potential public partnerships or public-private partnerships to enhance management and operations at Brooks Air Force Base.
- (4) An assessment of any potential for expanding infrastructure management opportunities at Brooks Air Force Base as a result of initiative considered at the Base or at other installations.
- (5) An analysis (including appropriate data) on current and projected costs of the ownership or lease of Brooks Air Force Base under a variety of ownership or leasing scenarios, including the savings that would accrue to the Air Force under such scenarios and a schedule for achieving such savings.
- (6) Any recommendations relating to reducing the infrastructure costs at Brooks Air Force Base that the Secretary considers appropriate.